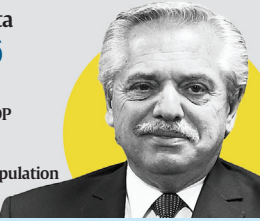


RED CARPET

Members of the G20 represent around 85 per cent of the world's GDP, more than 75 per cent of its trade, and roughly two-thirds of its population. The G20 is the world's premier economic forum, and the world's most powerful leaders will be in New Delhi for its annual meeting this weekend

**ARGENTINA**
PRESIDENT ALBERTO FERNANDEZ



GDP per capita
\$27.26
thousand
Share in world GDP
0.61%
Share in world population
0.6%

Faces unprecedented economic crisis currently; inflation over 100%, currency steadily devaluing

**AUSTRALIA**
PM ANTHONY ALBANESE



GDP per capita
\$65.37
thousand
Share in world GDP
1.62%
Share in world population
0.33%

Australia's per capita emissions from coal higher than others in G20. Renewables will be top priority

**BRAZIL**
PRESIDENT LULA DA SILVA



GDP per capita
\$18.69
thousand
Share in world GDP
1.97%
Share in world population
2.74%

Will assume G20 Presidency after India; 2024 summit will likely take place in Rio de Janeiro

**CANADA**
PM JUSTIN TRUDEAU



GDP per capita
\$60.18
thousand
Share in world GDP
1.98%
Share in world population
0.5%

Former PM Paul Martin was first to propose in 2005 that G20 be elevated to Leaders' Summit

**CHINA**
PRESIDENT XI JINPING



GDP per capita
\$23.38
thousand
Share in world GDP
18.35%
Share in world population
17.98%

President Xi Jinping is skipping the Summit. He will be represented by Chinese Premier Li Qiang

**FRANCE**
PRESIDENT EMMANUEL MACRON



GDP per capita
\$58.83
thousand
Share in world GDP
2.77%
Share in world population
0.84%

A French Minister has said France won't back a G20 communique that doesn't condemn Russia

**GERMANY**
CHANCELLOR OLAF SCHOLZ



GDP per capita
\$66.13
thousand
Share in world GDP
4.08%
Share in world population
1.07%

Among the hardest hit by Russia-Ukraine war, its economy currently faces a stagflation crisis

**INDIA**
PM NARENDRA MODI



GDP per capita
\$9.07
thousand
Share in world GDP
3.54%
Share in world population
18.29%

Pitched itself as voice of Global South; Presidency will seek to bring the South's concerns forward

**INDONESIA**
PRESIDENT JOKO WIDODO



GDP per capita
\$15.86
thousand
Share in world GDP
1.32%
Share in world population
3.53%

Handed baton to India after 2022 Bali summit, which was first in-person meeting after Covid

**ITALY**
PM GIORGIA MELONI



GDP per capita
\$54.22
thousand
Share in world GDP
2.06%
Share in world population
0.75%

Italy has been seeking ways to move out of Belt and Road Initiative, but without angering Beijing

**JAPAN**
PM FUMIO KISHIDA



GDP per capita
\$51.81
thousand
Share in world GDP
4.18%
Share in world population
1.59%

Third largest economy; currently growing faster than expected as it rebounds from pandemic

**KOREA**
PRESIDENT YOON SUK YEOL



GDP per capita
\$56.71
thousand
Share in world GDP
1.63%
Share in world population
0.66%

President Yoon has said he will raise North Korea's missile provocations at G20 meeting

**MEXICO**
PRESIDENT ANDRES M. L. OBRADOR



GDP per capita
\$23.82
thousand
Share in world GDP
1.58%
Share in world population
1.67%

President Obrador rarely travels outside Mexico; he will be represented by a Minister in New Delhi

**RUSSIA**
PRESIDENT VLADIMIR PUTIN



GDP per capita
\$34.84
thousand
Share in world GDP
1.95%
Share in world population
1.82%

President Putin will not attend Summit; will be represented Foreign Minister Sergey Lavrov

**SAUDI ARABIA**
KING SALMAN BIN ABDULAZIZ AL SAUD



GDP per capita
\$64.84
thousand
Share in world GDP
1.01%
Share in world population
0.45%

Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman will represent the King; will stay on for a State Visit

**SOUTH AFRICA**
PRESIDENT CYRIL RAMAPHOSA



GDP per capita
\$16.1
thousand
Share in world GDP
0.38%
Share in world population
0.78%

Only African G20 nation; will host summit of 2025. African Union may become part of G20

**TURKEY**
PRESIDENT RECEP TAYYIP ERDOGAN



GDP per capita
\$41.41
thousand
Share in world GDP
0.98%
Share in world population
1.1%

President Erdogan has made a policy u-turn, hiking interest rates to tackle soaring inflation

**UNITED KINGDOM**
PM RISHI SUNAK



GDP per capita
\$56.47
thousand
Share in world GDP
2.99%
Share in world population
0.87%

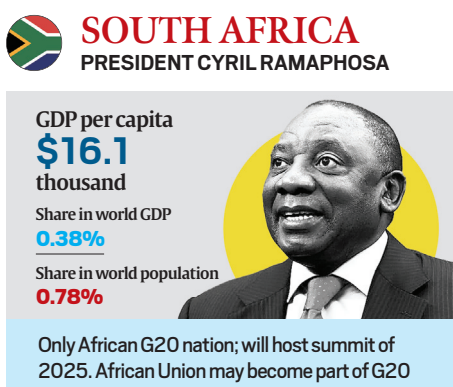
British economy is currently struggling with high food price inflation and an economic downturn

**UNITED STATES**
PRESIDENT JOE BIDEN



GDP per capita
\$80.03
thousand
Share in world GDP
25.44%
Share in world population
4.27%

First Leaders' Summit was held in Washington in 2008; sometimes called 'Bretton Woods II'



Share in world population
5.68%
Share in world GDP
16.88%
EUROPEAN UNION
**Charles Michel**
President of European Council
**Ursula von der Leyen**
President of European Commission

GUEST COUNTRIES

**BANGLADESH**

**EGYPT**

**MAURITIUS**

**THE NETHERLANDS**

**NIGERIA**

**OMAN**

**SINGAPORE**

**SPAIN**

**UAE**

REGULAR G20 INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS

**United Nations**

**International Monetary Fund**

**World Bank**

**World Health Organization**

**World Trade Organization**

**International Labor Organization**

**Financial Stability Board**

**OECD**

GUEST INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS

**International Solar Alliance**

**Coalition for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure**

**Asian Development Bank**

REGIONAL ORGANISATIONS

**African Union**

**African Union Development Agency-NEPAD**

**Association of Southeast Asian Nations**

THE G20 PRESIDENCY comes with the prerogative of inviting guest countries, international and regional organisations. These invitations are a tool for the President to set the forum's agenda. This year's invitations to AU and AUDA-NEPAD reflect PM Modi's vision of including African nations in global governance. Invitations to ASEAN and the ADB, on the other hand, showcase India's Act East Policy. The invitations to CDRI and ISA demonstrate India's commitment to tackling various problems to do with climate change — from investing in renewables to building infrastructure resilient to disasters that climate change throws up.

GDP per capita, current prices (PPP), 2023. Data: IMF; G20 background brief. Compiled by Arjun Sengupta, Alind Chauhan, Rishika Singh. Design: Mithun Chakraborty

2008-2022



PM Manmohan Singh with other leaders at the first G20 Leaders' Summit on Nov 14, 2008. *PIB*; Indonesia's President Joko Widodo handed over the Presidency to PM Narendra Modi on Nov 16, 2022. *Reuters*

Washington DC, US, Nov 2008
Taking place in the wake of the global financial crisis, the summit was titled 'Declaration of the Summit on Financial Markets and the World Economy'.

London, UK, April 2009
Leaders came together to take collective action to stabilise the world economy and secure recovery and jobs.

Pittsburgh, US, Sept 2009
The G20 was officially designated as "the premier forum for international economic co-operation" at this Summit.

Toronto, Canada, June 2010
Most countries were entering recovery mode from the 2008 economic crisis at the time of the meeting. Serious challenges like high unemployment were highlighted.

Seoul, South Korea, Nov 2010
Development policy issues were on the Summit's agenda for the first time. They were called the 'Seoul Development Consensus for Shared Growth'.

Cannes, France, Nov 2011
Leaders gathered in the backdrop of the Eurozone crisis to reform the International Monetary System (IMS) and strengthen financial regulation.

Los Cabos, Mexico, June 2012
The focus was on fighting youth unemployment and creating quality jobs with social security coverage and fair income.

Saint Petersburg, Russia, Sept 2013
Although the Syrian civil war, which broke out in 2011, wasn't on the Summit's agenda, it dominated the discussions. Presidents Barack Obama and Vladimir Putin had a one-on-one interaction.

Brisbane, Australia, Nov 2014
The Summit delivered outcomes across the agenda's three themes of growth and jobs, economic resilience, and strengthening global institutions.

Antalya, Turkey, Nov 2015
Discussions on the refugee crisis took place for the first time. Leaders agreed to provide more support for plans to tackle climate change.

Hangzhou, China, Sept 2016
The Summit's theme was 'Toward an Innovative, Invigorated, Interconnected and Inclusive World Economy'.

Hamburg, Germany, July 2017
Leaders met under the theme 'Shaping an interconnected world', special emphasis was given to counter-terrorism.

Buenos Aires, Argentina, Nov-Dec 2018
The overarching theme was 'Building Consensus For Fair And Sustainable Development'.

Osaka, Japan, June 2019
All G20 members, except the US, re-committed to the Paris Climate Accords.

Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, Nov 2020
The Summit took place virtually due to the outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic.

Rome, Italy, Oct 2021
While economic recovery was a top agenda item, leaders discussed the goal of reaching net-zero greenhouse emissions and ways to reduce methane emissions.

Bali, Indonesia, Nov 2022
This was the first G20 Summit after the Russian invasion of Ukraine and the first full-fledged physical leaders' meeting since the Covid-19 pandemic.